Oxytetracycline-medicated feed – UMESC Research

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Target Animal Safety

Objective

 Determine safety of oxytetracycline-medicated feed fed at a rate of 82.5 mg/kg bodyweight/day for 10 consecutive days to cool- and warmwater fish.

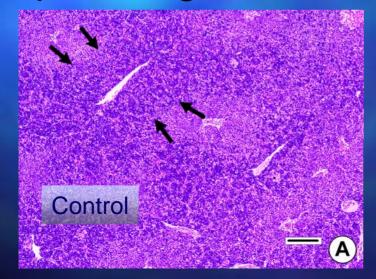
Methods

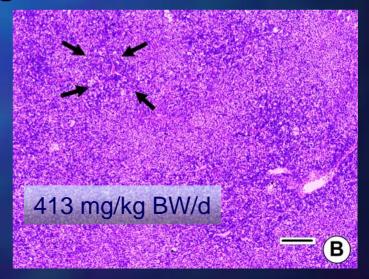
- Assess feed consumption, toxicity, gross pathology, and histologic change in walleye, yellow perch, and hybrid striped bass.
- Dosed at 0, 82.5, 248, and 413 mg/kg bodyweight per day for 10 (yellow perch and hybrid striped bass) or 20 consecutive days (walleye).



Target Animal Safety

- No mortality
- Hybrid striped bass growth was reduced at high dose
- Histopathological findings







Target Animal Safety

- FDA review
 - Report submitted February 19, 2003
 - -Accepted December 19, 2003
 - Completed Target Animal Safety technical section for all freshwater-reared cool- and warmwater finfish.



Environmental Assessment

- WASP-6 model developed to predict oxytetracycline discharge following medicated feed use at fish hatcheries
 - most OTC binds to sediments or other suspended particles
 - relatively low solubilized OTC concentrations
- Model estimates of solubilized OTC applied to OTC INAD 9332 use data to estimate discharge concentrations.



Environmental Assessment

- Literature review complete
 - New use pattern INAD data
 - Fate published sorption, degradation, decomposition, and sedimentation data
 - Effects published toxicity studies
 - Risk assessment comparison of available effects data to estimated discharge concentrations (water solubilized only)
- Peer-reviews received July 2004



Environmental Assessment

- Model validation will be initiated in FY05 pending
 - Method development for solubilized and sediment-bound OTC
 - In progress at UMESC and UW-Madison (sediment)

